320221188 Food Chemistry

| Module Name | Food Chemistry and Biochemistry |
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| Module Level, if applicable Code if Applicable | Intermediate 320221188 |
| Subtitle, if applicable Courses, if applicable | - 320221188 Food Chemistry |
| Semester(s) in which the module is taught | 3 rd |
| Person responsible for the module | Prof. Dr. Ir. Noor Harini, MS. Prof. Dr. Ir. Noor Harini, MS., |
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| Language Relation to curriculum | IndonesianCompulsory Course for undergraduateprogram in the Food TechnologyDepartment, Faculty of Agriculture andAnimal Science |
| Type of teaching | Lecture, Project |
| Workload | Lecture: 2 SKS X 50 minutes X 16 weeks Project: 2 SKS X 60 minutes X 16 weeks Independent learning: 2 SKS X 60 minutes X 16 weeks |
| Credit points | 2 SKS X 1.5 = 3.00 ECTS |
| Requirements according to the examination | 1. Registered in this course |
| regulations | 2. Minimum 80% attendance in this course |
| Recommended prerequisites | Organic Chemistry, Food Ingredient Knowledge |
| Module Objectives (Intended learning outcomes) | Ingredient Knowledge On successful completion of this course, student should be able to : Explain and give example about case and scope food chemistry (definition; the linkage of organic compounds in food) Identify and determine functional groups, chemical bonds in food; types of organic acids and implementation in food Explain about chemical and physical study of water (the role of water in food, polarity properties of water, hydrogen bonds in water, ph of water, water phase, type of water in food, relationship of water content (ka), aw (water activity) and rh (relative humidity); absorption, desorption; msl and wsi curves.) Explain water process / reaction in food (retrogradation, synerresis, browning, |

caramelization) Explain carbohydrates (source, • classification, structure, physicochemical properties), monosaccharides and disaccharides (structure, physicochemical properties, chemical reactions), complex carbohydrates (oligosaccharides and polysaccharides) chemical structure, physicochemical properties • Explain lipids (source, classification, structure, physicochemical properties), simple and complex / compound lipids), types of lipids in foodstuffs, the process of changing lipid components due to food processing technology appropriate technology to reduce rancidity • Explain proteins (the structure of protein molecules (primary, secondary, tertiary, quaternary) in foodstuffs, types of proteins in foodstuffs, the process of changing protein components due to food processing technology, such as denaturation, coagulation, etc., appropriate technology to improve food quality so that degradation does not occur) • Explain fat-soluble vitamins (A,D,E,K) and water-soluble vitamins (B1, B2, B3, B5, B6, B7, B9, B12, C) (structure, physicochemical properties, sources and functions) Explain macro minerals (P, Ca, K, Na, Cl, S, Mg) and micro (Fe, I, Mn, Cu, Zn, Co, F, Sn, Cr), the process of changing macro and micro mineral components in food due to food processing technology **Module Content** This course is a chemical technology-based course in food to prepare students to know chemical and functional properties discussing the concept of implementation and understanding of chemical compounds in foodstuffs about the main/macro components, namely water, carbohydrates, proteins and fats. In addition, it discusses micro components such as vitamins and minerals.

| | In addition, it also discusses the chemical |
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| | structure, chemical character of food |
| | ingredients in an effort to |
| | improve the quality of food ingredients |
| | and their processed products |
| Study and examination | Cognitive: Midterm exam, Final |
| requirements and forms | exam, Quizzes, Assignments |
| of examination | Psychomotor: Practice |
| | Affective: Assessed from the element |
| | /variables achievement, namely (a) |
| | Contributions (attendance, active, |
| | role, |
| | initiative, and language), (b) Being |
| | on time, (c) Effort. |
| Media employed | Classical teaching tools with white |
| | board and power point presentation |
| Recommended Literature | For Class |
| | A. Compulsory |
| | 1. De Man, J.M. 1997. Kimia |
| | Makanan. Penerbit ITB. |
| | Bandung |
| | 2. Winarno, F.G. 2009. Kimia Pangan |
| | dan Gizi, Gramedia Pustaka Utama, |
| | Jakarta. |
| | 3. Keenan, Kleinfelter and Wood. 2007. |
| | Kimia untuk Universitas. |
| | Diterjemahkan oleh A.H. |
| | Pudjaatmaka. |
| | 4. Fennema. 2010. Food Chemistry. |
| | 5. Bennion. 2008. Chemistry of Food. |
| | 6. Tranggono dkk. 1990. Kimia, |
| | Nutrisi dan Pangan. PAU UGM |
| | Jogyakarta. 7. Geissman, and Crout.1969. |
| | Organic Chemistry os Secondary |
| | Plant Metabolism. Freeman, |
| | Cooper & Company, California- |
| | USA |
| | 8. Ketaren. 1986. Pengantar |
| | Teknologi Minyak dan Lemak |
| | Pangan. UI-Press, Jakarta |
| | 9. Rahayu, K. 1991. Bahan Ajaran : |
| | Teknologi Enzim. PAU Pangan dan |
| | Gizi UGM, Jogyakarta |
| | 10. Robinson, T. 1995. Kandungan |
| | Organik Tumbuhan Tinggi. Penerbit |
| | ITB Bandung |
| | 11. Sri Raharjo. 2004. Kerusakan |
| | Oksidatif Pada Makanan. PAU-UGM, |
| | Yogyakarta B. Ontion |
| | B. Option |
| | 1. Almatsier, S. 2003. Dasar Ilmu Gizi. |
| | PT. Gramedia Pustaka Utama. Jakarta |
| | 2. Djaelani, A. 2000. Ilmu Gizi Untuk |

| | Mahasiswa dan Profesi Z(Jilid 1). Penerbit Dian Rakyat Jakarta Timur 3. Eskin, M. 1979. Plant Pigment, Flavors and textures ;The Chemistry and Biochemistry of Selected Coumpounds. Academic Press, san Francisco- New York. London 4. Hardjono S. 1996. Sintesis Bahan Alam. Gadjah Mada University Press. Yogyakarta. |
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| Date of Last Amendment | 22 nd Agustus 2022 |